

Using EESSI as the base for a system stack

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Webinar series: Different aspects of EESSI

5 Mondays in a row May-June 2025

<https://eessi.io/docs/training/2025/webinar-series-2025Q2>

- Introduction to EESSI - **slides+recording available!**
- Introduction to CernVM-FS - **slides+recording available!**
- Introduction to EasyBuild - **slides+recording available!**
- EESSI for CI/CD - **slides+recording available!**
- Using EESSI as the base for a system stack (*today*)

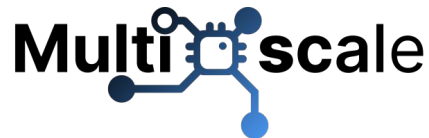
More info and registration →



CernVM-FS

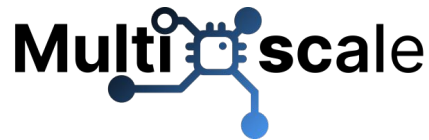


Helpful knowledge



- You have watched the previous episodes in the webinar series
 - We will use **EESSI**, **EESSI-extend**, **EasyBuild**, **CVMFS**
- You know how to make **EESSI** available on your system
- You know how to build a software stack with **EasyBuild**
- Nice to have:
 - You are familiar with containers and **Lmod**

Agenda



- Short recap of important topics from previous webinars
- File system design
- **EESSI-extend**
- Build workflow + **demos**
 - Container
 - Scripts and easystacks
 - Bot
- Site configuration
- Important optimizations and special cases (GPU builds, licensed software, rebuilds)

EESSI in a nutshell

- European Environment for Scientific Software Installations (EESSI)
- **Shared repository of (optimized!) scientific software installations**
- Uniform way of providing software to users, regardless of the system they use!
- Should work on any Linux OS (+ WSL, macOS via Lima) and system architecture
- From laptops and personal workstations to HPC clusters and cloud
- Support for different CPU (micro)architectures, interconnects, GPUs, etc.
- **Focus on performance, automation, testing, collaboration**



E E S S I

EUROPEAN ENVIRONMENT FOR
SCIENTIFIC SOFTWARE INSTALLATIONS

<https://eessi.io>

<https://eessi.io/docs>

Major goals of EESSI



- **Avoid duplicate work** (for researchers, HPC support teams, sysadmins, ...)
 - Tools that automate software installation process (EasyBuild, Spack) are not sufficient anymore
 - Go beyond sharing build recipes => work towards a shared software stack
- Providing a truly **uniform software stack**
 - Use the (exact) same software environment everywhere
 - **Without sacrificing performance** for “mobility of compute” (like is typically done with containers/conda)
- Facilitate HPC training, development of (scientific) software, ...

Motivation for this session

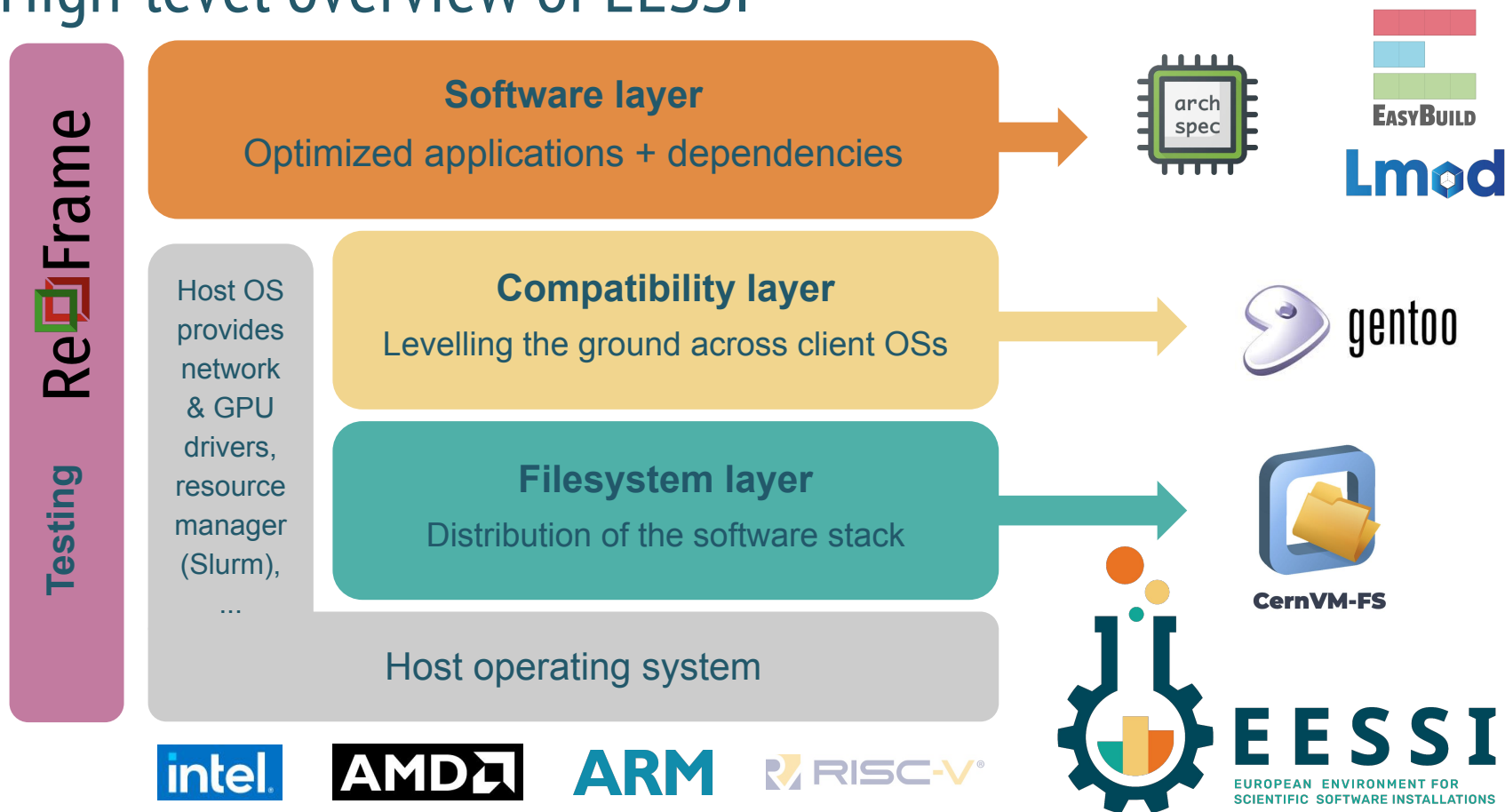


- Need **proprietary software** with closed licenses
 - Cannot be distributed through EESSI
 - Possibly limited to a subset of users in the system
- Need software that is not (yet) available through EESSI
 - Extra flexibility in deploying software fast

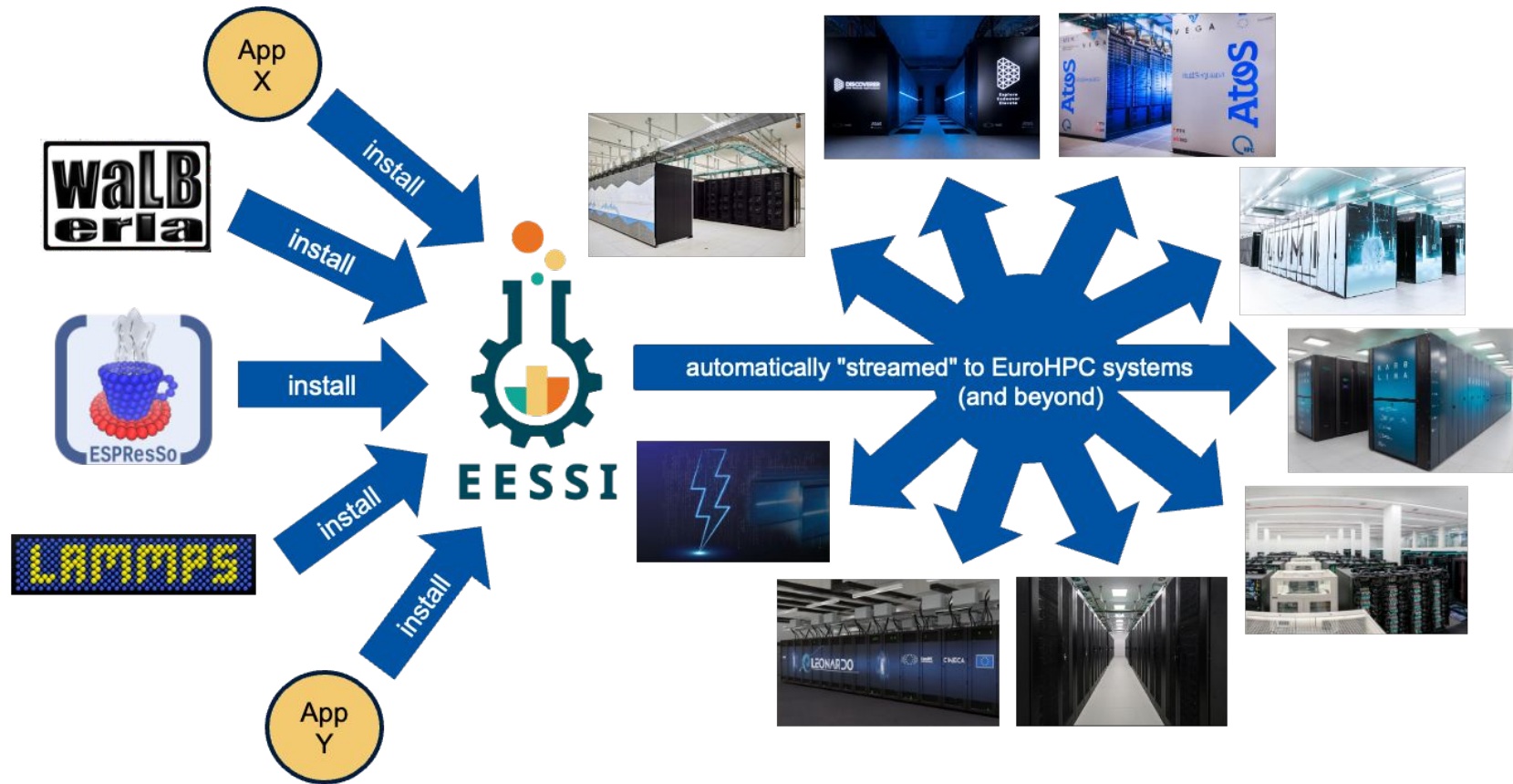
- **Custom installations** tuned for a particular system



High-level overview of EESSI



EESSI as a shared software stack

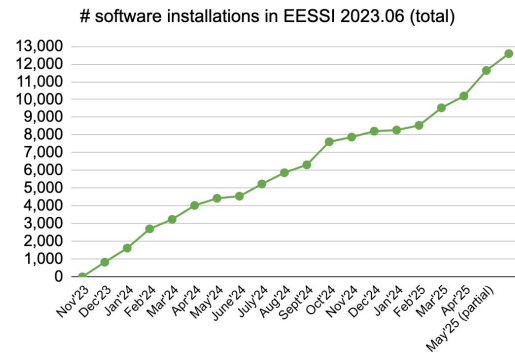
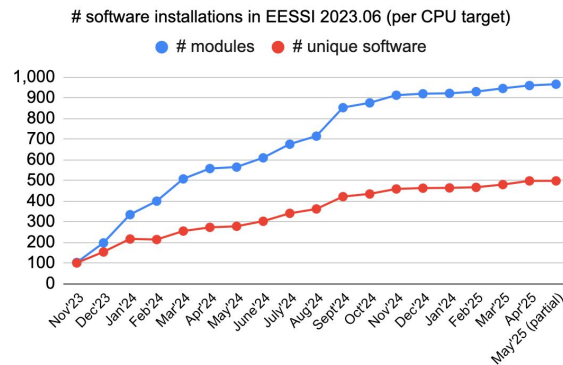


Overview of available software

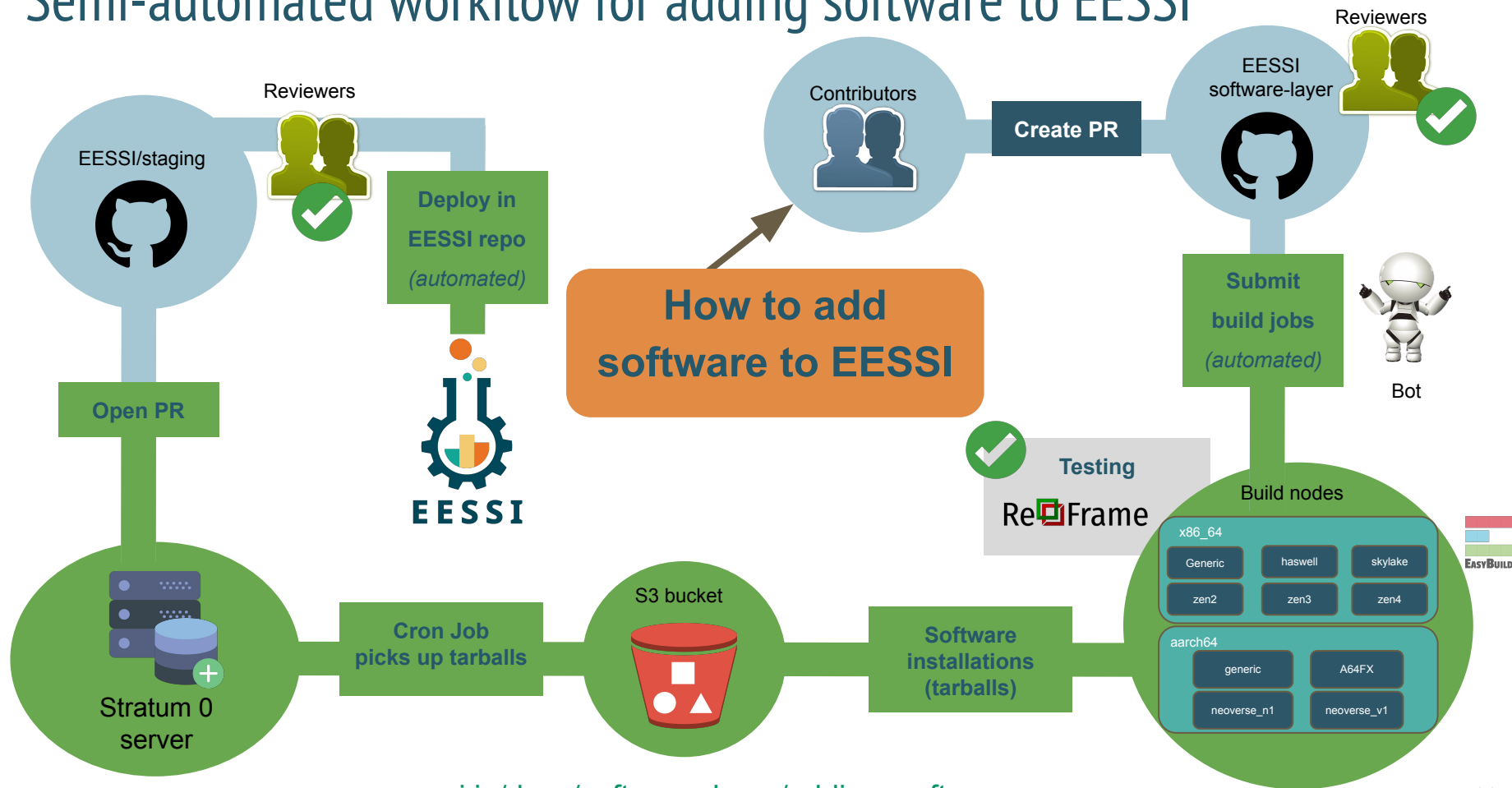


Currently ~900 software installations available
per CPU target via software.eessi.io CernVM-FS repository;
increasing every day

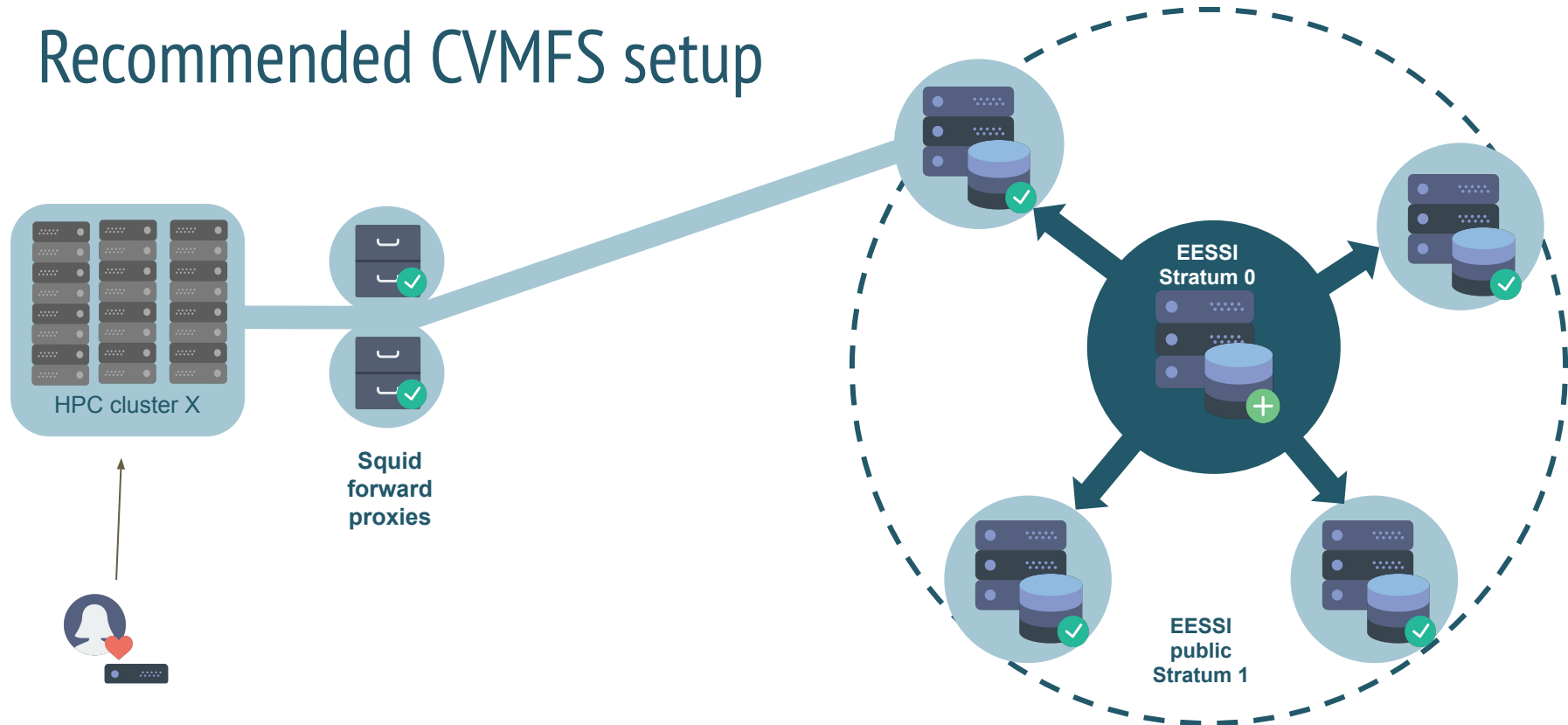
- Over 450 different software packages
- Excl. extensions: Python packages, R libraries
- Including ESPResSo, GROMACS, LAMMPS, OpenFOAM, PyTorch, R, QuantumESPRESSO, TensorFlow, waLBerla, WRF, ...
- eessi.io/docs/available_software/overview
- Using recent compiler toolchains: currently focusing on `fooss/2023a` and `fooss/2023b`



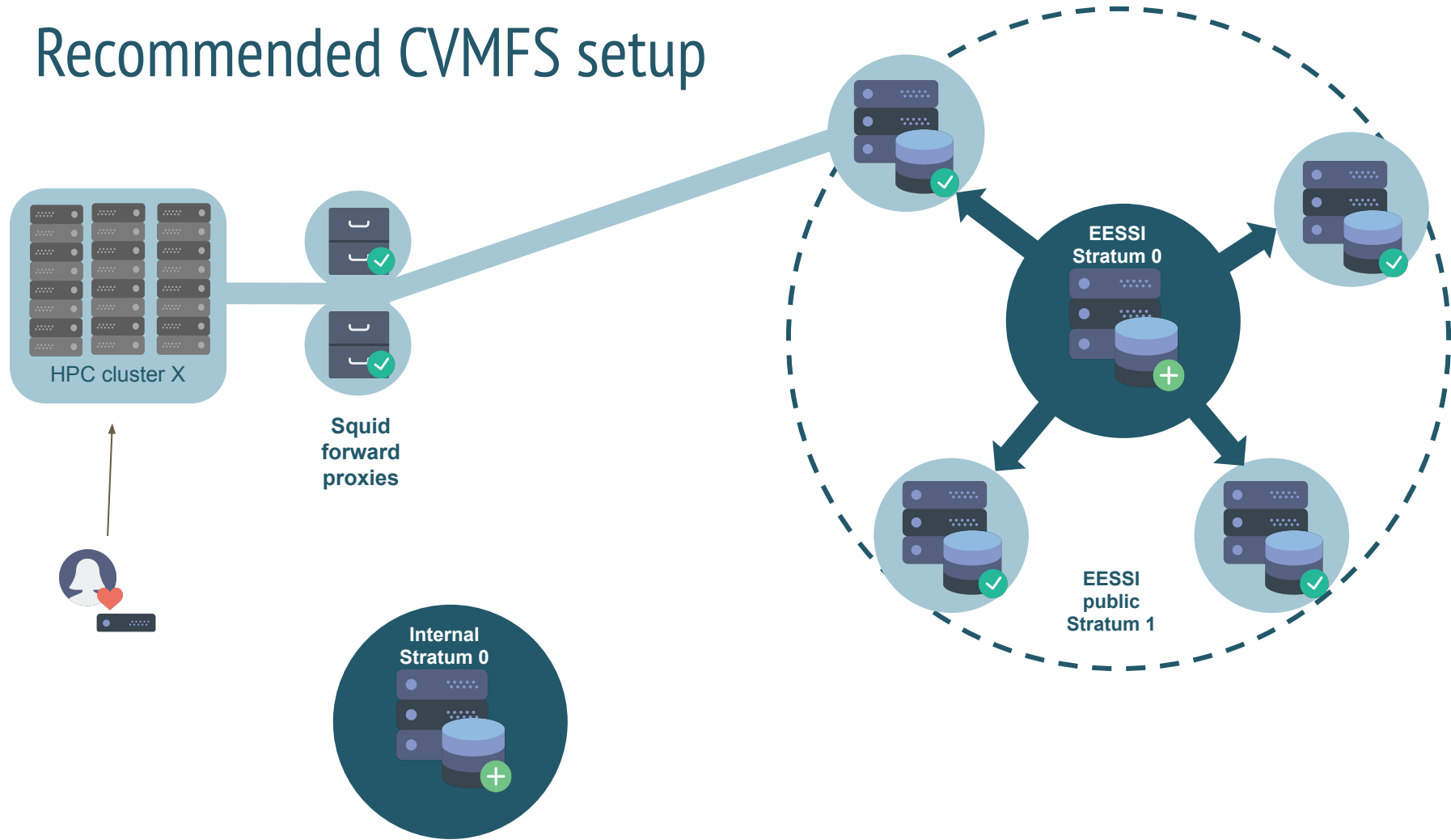
Semi-automated workflow for adding software to EESSI



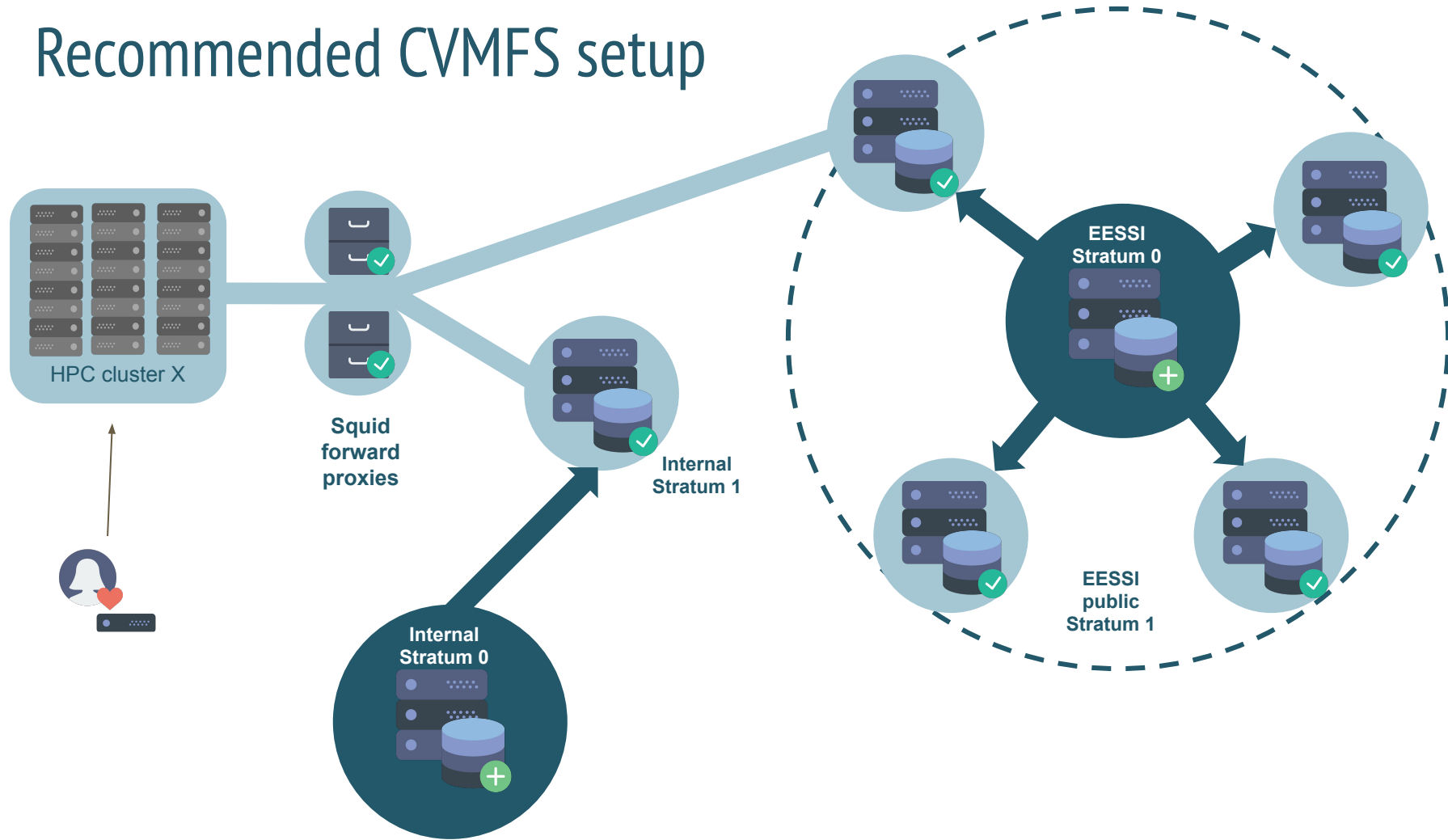
Recommended CVMFS setup



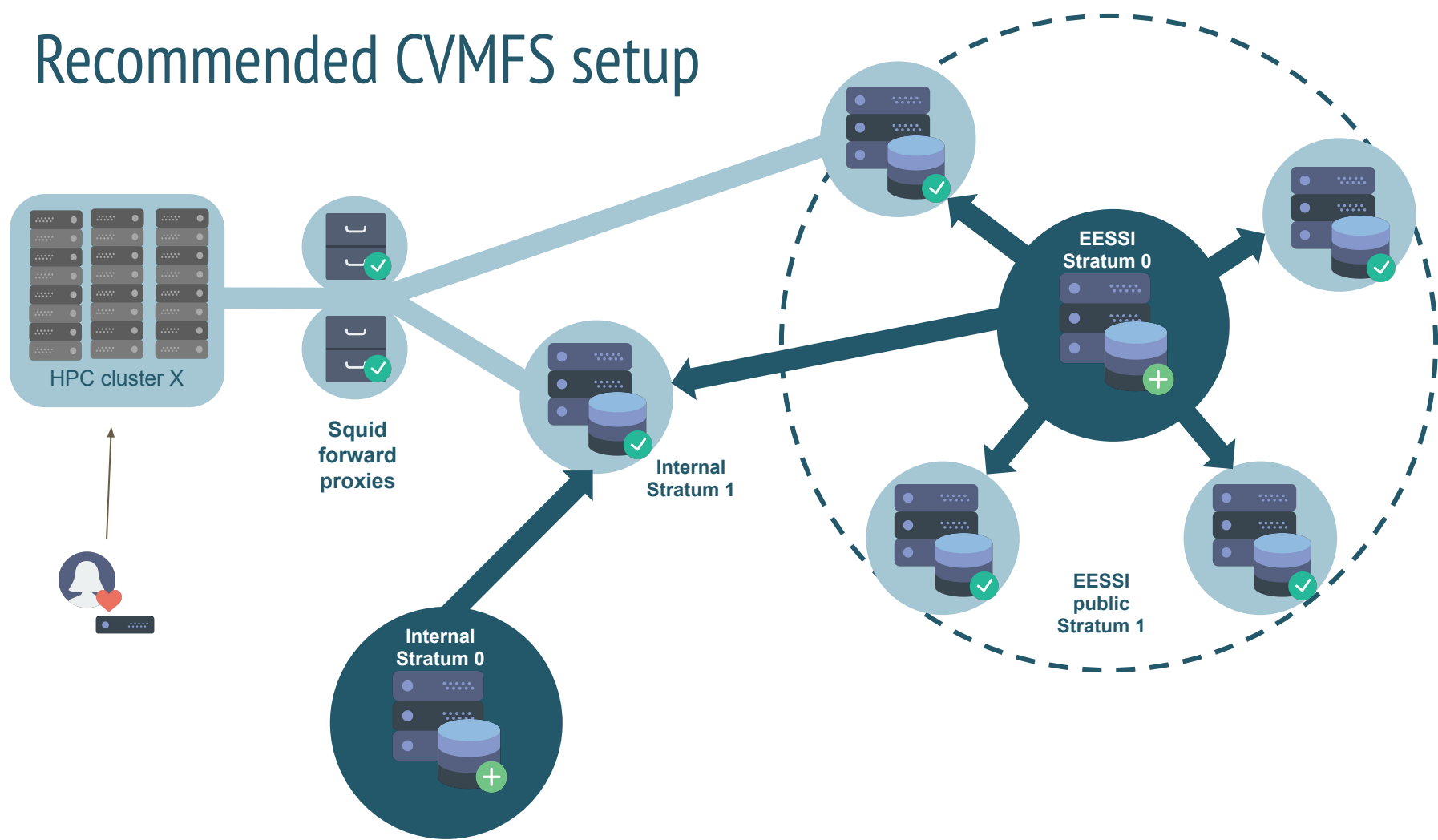
Recommended CVMFS setup



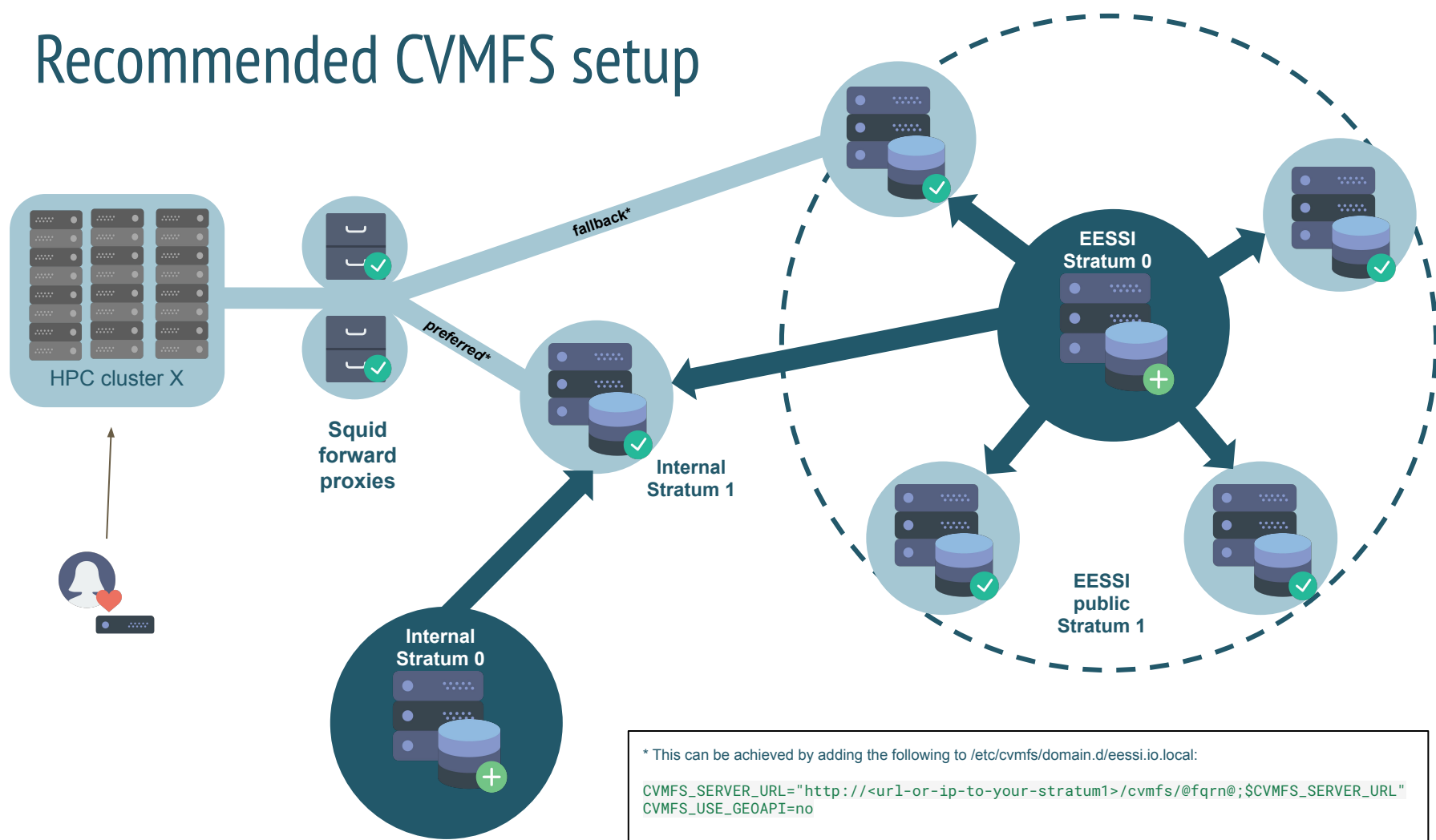
Recommended CVMFS setup



Recommended CVMFS setup



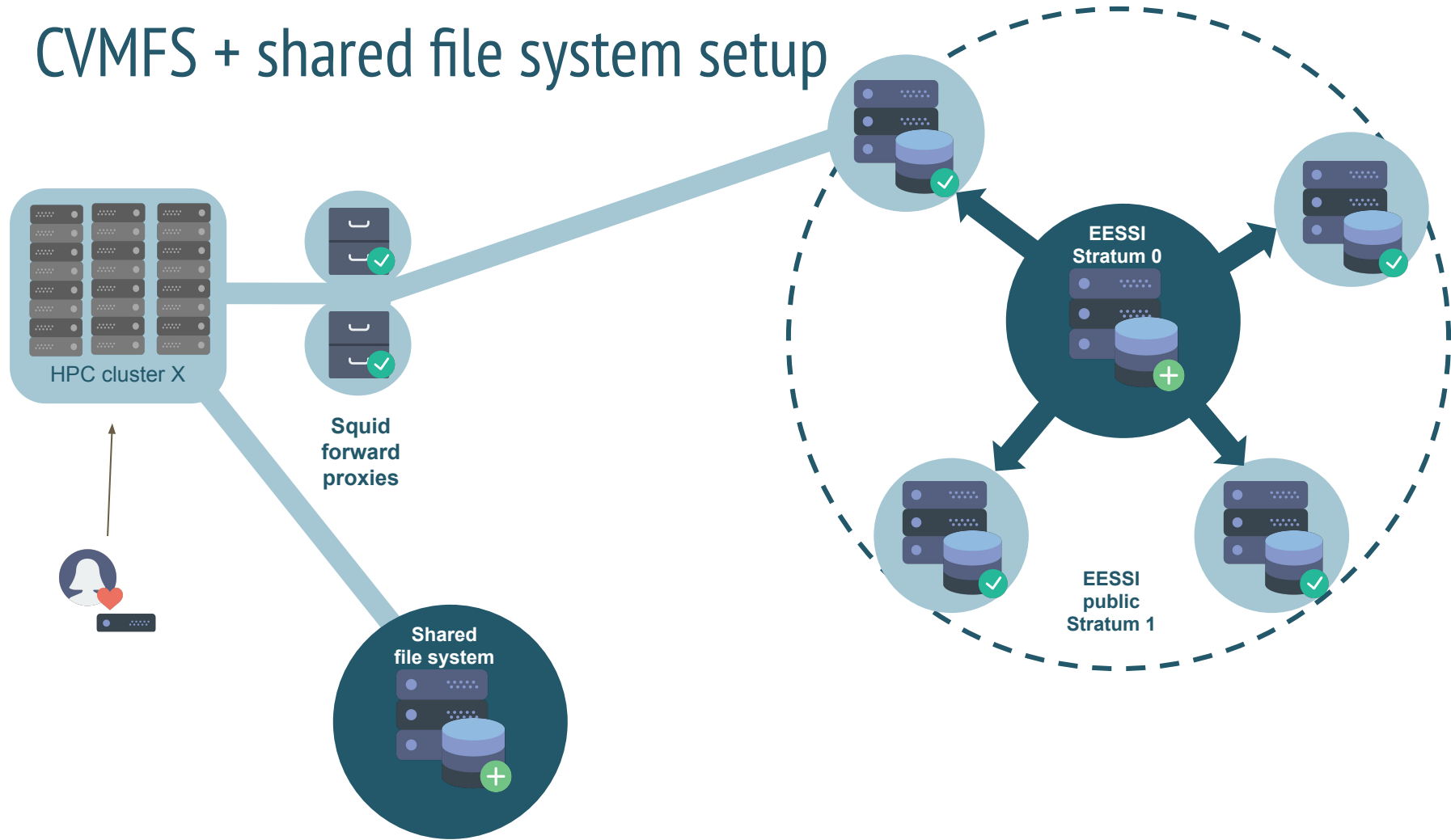
Recommended CVMFS setup



* This can be achieved by adding the following to `/etc/cvmfs/domain.d/eessi.io.local`:

```
CVMFS_SERVER_URL="http://<url-or-ip-to-your-stratum1>/cvmfs/@fqdn;${CVMFS_SERVER_URL}"  
CVMFS_USE_GEOAPI=no
```


CVMFS + shared file system setup



EESSI-extend: site installations

- **EESSI-extend** allows for user, group/project, site installations on top of EESSI
- We will focus on site installations:
 - `export EESSI_SITE_INSTALL=1`
 - `module load EESSI-extend`
- Installations will go into `/cvmfs/software.eessi.io/host_injections/<version>/...`
 - This path is automatically added to `$MODULEPATH`, so new installations are found
 - Variant symlink, default value: `/opt/eessi`
 - **Make sure you point the symlink to your software stack in your CVMFS config!**
`EESSI_HOST_INJECTIONS=/cvmfs/my.repo.tld`
 - See https://www.eessi.io/docs/site_specific_config/host_injections/

Demo scenario

Starting from a barebones virtual machine

- CernVM-FS can be installed, EESSI is available, empty local stack
- Requires admin rights (sudo to install and configure CernVM-FS)
- Using the EESSI **build container**
- **EESSI-extend** for local stack
- **OS:** Rocky Linux 9.5
- **CPU architecture:** x86/amd/zen2

Demo 1: EESSI-extend & shared filesystem



- Cheatsheet: https://hackmd.io/@Ab_EvqFWSKm7fYsHfgWWkA/S1G27yPMge
- Documentation: https://www.eessi.io/docs/using_eessi/building_on_eessi/

Build container

- Host isolation, very minimal container
 - Prevent builds from picking up system libraries
- Fixed/predictable build environment
- Use any machine as build host, without requiring special privileges
- FUSE can be used to provide writable overlays
 - Allows you to install to /cvmfs (or another read-only location)

EESSI build container

- Built as Docker image
 - Dockerfiles: <https://github.com/EESSI/filesystem-layer/tree/main/containers>
 - Run with Apptainer/Singularity
- Based on Debian 11
- Script to run the container
 - https://github.com/EESSI/software-layer/blob/2023.06-software.eessi.io/eessi_container.sh
 - Many parameters, e.g. for bind mounting additional paths
 - Configuration file can be used for mounting (read-only or read-write) additional CVMFS repositories

EESSI build container: technical details

- Read-only CVMFS repositories are directly mounted under /cvmfs
 - `--fusemount "container:cvmfs2 software.eessi.io /cvmfs/software.eessi.io"`
- Writable repositories are mounted under /cvmfs_ro, and then made writable by adding a writable overlay using [fuse-overlayfs](#)
 - `--fusemount "container:cvmfs2 demo.eessi.eu /cvmfs_ro/demo.eessi.eu"`
 - `--fusemount "container:fuse-overlayfs -o lowerdir=/cvmfs_ro/demo.eessi.eu -o upperdir=/tmp/demo.eessi.eu/overlay-upper -o workdir=/tmp/demo.eessi.eu/overlay-work /cvmfs/demo.eessi.eu"`
 - The upper directory is bind mounted from the host and will be used for storing changes
 - New installations will end up here
- Something similar could be done for writable shared file systems
 - Advantage: makes the build process more transactional

Add your CVMFS repository to the EESSI container



- Make a directory containing a repos.cfg

[webinar-demo]

```
repo_name = demo.eessi.eu
config_bundle = repos.tgz
config_map = { "demo.eessi.eu/demo.eessi.eu.pub" :
"/etc/cvmfs/keys/eessi.eu/demo.eessi.eu.pub",
"demo.eessi.eu/eessi.eu.conf" : "/etc/cvmfs/domain.d/eessi.eu.conf",
"demo.eessi.eu/default.local" : "/etc/cvmfs/default.local" }
```

- Prepare the repos.tgz containing the files listed in your config_map
 - Store it in the same directory as repos.cfg
- Point \$EESSI_REPOS_CFG_DIR_OVERRIDE to this directory
- Run eessi_container.sh with -r webinar-demo,access=rw

Demo 2: EESSI build container

- We use the following GitHub repositories:
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/stack-on-top-of-eessi-demo>
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/software-layer>
- Cheatsheet: https://hackmd.io/@Ab_EvqFWSKm7fYsHfgWWkA/S1G27yPMge

Start building software

- Create a job script that calls the build container with some build script
- The build script itself should perform the following steps:
 - Initialize the EESSI environment
 - Configure your environment
 - Load EESSI-extend with the right settings (EESSI_SITE_INSTALL=1)
 - Run EasyBuild with an easyconfig or easystack file
 - Create a tarball containing the installation (optional, but recommended)
- The EESSI scripts are quite specific to the EESSI workflow and repository
 - Can be used as a good starting point

Creating tarballs

- This step is not strictly necessary depending on installation location!
 - Still recommended, as it makes the installation more transactional
- Find software, module files, additional scripts in the overlay upper directory
- Keep/create desired directory hierarchy (matching CVMFS repository)
- Bundle files into tarball with specific name
 - The overlay upper directory is scanned for changes / new installations
 - The tarball itself is created from the real installation prefix (`/cvmfs / ...`)
- Store it on a shared file system or object store

Ingesting tarballs

- Tarball can be ingested on the Stratum 0 using
`gunzip -c <tarball> | sudo cvmfs_server ingest -t - -b /
demo.eessi.eu`
 - `-t -` reads the tarball from `stdin`
 - `-b /` ingests it to the root of the repository, update accordingly if you used a different prefix
- You may want to use a wrapper script to do this
 - Can also do additional checks / operations (e.g. updating the Lmod cache, as shown later)

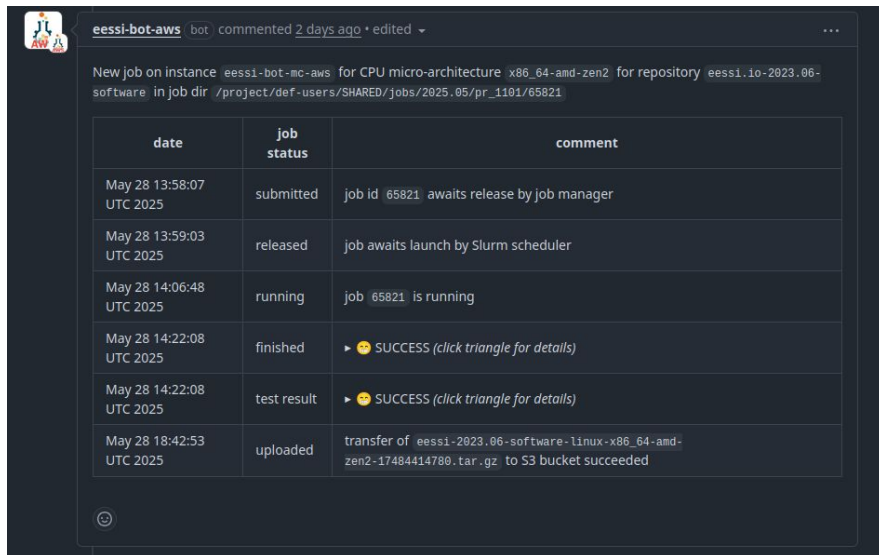
Demo 3: full build and ingestion to CVMFS



- We use the following GitHub repositories:
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/stack-on-top-of-eessi-demo>
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/software-layer>
- Cheatsheet: https://hackmd.io/@Ab_EvqFWSKm7fYsHfgWWkA/S1G27yPMge

Build bot: automated builds

- EESSI bot starts jobs and runs scripts when triggered by GitHub events
 - Can start jobs with any script
 - Replace or adapt the EESSI bot `/build.sh` with your site's build script
- Store tarballs where appropriate (shared file system?)



eessi-bot-aws bot commented 2 days ago • edited

New job on instance `eessi-bot-mc-aws` for CPU micro-architecture `x86_64-amd-zen2` for repository `eessi.10-2023.06-software` in job dir `/project/def-users/SHARED/jobs/2025.05/pr_1101/65821`

date	job status	comment
May 28 13:58:07 UTC 2025	submitted	job id <code>65821</code> awaits release by job manager
May 28 13:59:03 UTC 2025	released	job awaits launch by Slurm scheduler
May 28 14:06:48 UTC 2025	running	job <code>65821</code> is running
May 28 14:22:08 UTC 2025	finished	▶ 😊 SUCCESS (click triangle for details)
May 28 14:22:08 UTC 2025	test result	▶ 😊 SUCCESS (click triangle for details)
May 28 18:42:53 UTC 2025	uploaded	transfer of <code>eessi-2023.06-software-linux-x86_64-amd-zen2-17484414780.tar.gz</code> to S3 bucket succeeded



Build bot: automated builds

- The existing bot has a few requirements
 - Access to a Slurm cluster and permissions to start jobs
 - GitHub App and GitHub repository to communicate through
 - A shared filesystem to write to
- Future work
 - GitLab compatibility
 - Even more flexibility
 - Even more quality of life improvements



(Semi-)automated tarball ingestions

- Deploy tarballs to Stratum 0 and ingest them to the repository
 - Cron job that picks up new tarballs
 - May be wise to retain a manual element for ingestion
- GitHub/GitLab event -> Bot can be run on a login node that is also a CVMFS publisher node

Site configuration for EESSI without Lmod



- Create a file in `/etc/profile.d` that does the following:
 - Source the EESSI init script
 - Adjust the **Lmod** configuration to your liking
 - Add the path to an Lmod cache for modules built on top of EESSI

Site configuration for EESSI with Lmod

- Set of scripts in `/etc/profile.d`
 - `00-modulepath.sh`: installed by Lmod package
 - `01-local_lmod.sh`: site-specific Lmod environment variables, set `$MODULEPATH`
 - `z01_StdEnv.sh`: define the standard environment/module (see [Lmod documentation](#))
- Use your own StdEnv meta module for setting up the environment

Demo 4: site configuration

- We use the following GitHub repositories:
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/stack-on-top-of-eessi-demo>
 - <https://github.com/EESSI/software-layer>
- Cheatsheet: https://hackmd.io/@Ab_EvqFWSKm7fYsHfgWWkA/S1G27yPMge

Important optimizations: nested CVMFS catalogs

- CVMFS repositories use nested catalogs for storing metadata
- Catalogs should not become too large
 - Rule of thumb: between 1k and 200k items (files/directories)
- For the EESSI repository we make a nested catalog for every software installation
 - Done using a cvmfscatalog file, see [documentation](#) and the [EESSI file](#)
- You can make one for your CVMFS repository based on the EESSI file
 - Your prefix will probably be slightly different
- Alternatively, you can include an empty .cvmfscatalog file in the root of every software installation directory
 - Use an EasyBuild hook or do this when creating/ingesting the tarball
- CVMFS includes functionality for [automatically managing nested catalogs](#)



Important optimizations: Lmod cache for added modules

- Lmod RC file for configuring the cache can be generated using https://github.com/EESSI/software-layer/blob/2023.06-software.eessi.io/create_lmodrc.py
 - Call this at the end of your build script if it needs to be updated
- The cache itself should be updated when ingesting new software
 - Use a simple ingestion wrapper script that generates the cache and ingests the tarball
 - Loop through the directories of the different CPU targets, call `update_lmod_system_cache_files` for each of them
 - See <https://github.com/EESSI/filesystem-layer/tree/main/scripts>



Special cases: GPU builds

- GPU drivers need to be found in the `host_injections` directory
 - See https://www.eessi.io/docs/site_specific_config/gpu/#exposing-nvidia-gpu-drivers
- Full CUDA SDK needs to be installed
 - Only runtime libraries can be redistributed
 - https://www.eessi.io/docs/site_specific_config/gpu/#installing-full-cuda-sdk-optional
- Builds currently end up in the CPU prefix
 - Will cause issues for nodes with the same CPU but different GPUs
 - Planning to enhance EESSI-extend to install them to a separate prefix

Special cases: licensed software

- Could go into a separate CVMFS repository
- Use appropriate firewall settings for your Stratum servers
- Restrict access to subset of users by setting `CVMFS_CLAIM_OWNERSHIP=no` (preserves ownership)
- Installation could still require sites to point to a license file/server

Special cases: software rebuilds

- Prevent or minimise disruption of ongoing jobs
- Transactional approach with container, overlays, tarballs make this possible
- EESSI-extend sets `$EASYBUILD_READ_ONLY_INSTALLDIR=1`
 - Protects you from accidentally writing to existing installations
 - Not possible to restore write permissions in the container
 - Workaround by using Apptainer's `--fakeroot` option
 - Not ideal, looking for better solutions

Future work



- Provide documentation for building a stack on top of EESSI
- Better procedure for software rebuilds
- EasyBuild [hooks](#) customize installations
 - Very useful for site-specific configurations
 - Example: add path to a site license file, add/change a configuration option
 - Site-specific hooks on top of the EESSI hooks not supported yet by EESSI-extend
- Enhance EESSI-extend for GPU builds on top of EESSI
 - Install them to a subdir for the corresponding accelerator / compute capability
- Offer more module naming schemes
 - As a site you could already try rebuilding all the modules with another MNS



Website: eessi.io

GitHub: github.com/eessi

Documentation: eessi.io/docs

Blog: eessi.io/docs/blog

[Join](#) the EESSI Slack

YouTube channel: youtube.com/@eessi_community

Paper (open access): doi.org/10.1002/spe.3075

EESSI support portal: gitlab.com/eessi/support

[Bi-monthly online meetings](#) (1st Thu, odd months, 2pm CE(S)T)

MultiXscale

Web page: multixscale.eu

Facebook: [MultiXscale](https://www.facebook.com/MultiXscale)

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